# CN20, CN34 SERIES <br> NON-SPRING RETURN DIRECT-COUPLED DAMPER ACTUATORS FOR MODULATING AND FLOATING / 2-POSITION CONTROL 



## GENERAL

These direct-coupled damper actuators provide modulating control for:

- air dampers,
- VAV units,
- air handling units,
- ventilation flaps,
- louvers, and
- reliable control for air damper applications with up to $4.6 \mathrm{~m}^{2} / 50 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{ft}$. ( $20 \mathrm{Nm} / 177 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$ ) or $7.8 \mathrm{~m}^{2} / 85 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. ( $34 \mathrm{Nm} / 300 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$ ) (seal-less dampers; air frictiondependent).


## FEATURES

- Self-centering shaft adapter
- Access cover to facilitate connectivity
- Serviceloff for safe \& easy servicing
- Rotation direction selectable by switch
- Declutch for manual adjustment
- Mechanical end limits
- Field-installable auxiliary switches
- Mountable in any orientation (no IP54 if upside down)
- Mechanical position indicator
- CE and UL certified


## SPECIFICATIONS

| Supply voltage | $24 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc} \pm 15 \%, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} ;$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nominal voltage | $24 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} ;$ |

All values stated hereinafter apply to operation under nominal voltage conditions.
Power consumption

| CN7220A2007 | $6 \mathrm{VA} / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| CN7234A2008 | $6 \mathrm{VA} / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ |

Ambient limits
Ambient operating limits
Ambient storage limits
Relative humidity
Safety
Protection standard
Protection class
Overvoltage category
Lifetime
Full strokes
Repositions
Mounting
Round damper shaft
Square damper shaft
Shaft length
Control signal
Input impedance
Feedback signal
Limits
End switches (when included)
Rating 5 A (resistive) / 3 A (inductive)
Triggering points
Torque rating
CN7220A2007
CN7234A2008
Runtime
Rotation stroke
Dimensions
Weight (without cables)
Noise rating
Certification
$-20 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-5 \ldots+140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
$-40 \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \ldots+175^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
$5 . . .95 \%$, non-condensing
IP54 as per EN 60529
II as per EN 60730-1
II

60000
1.5 million
10... 27 mm (3/8...1-1/16")
10... 18 mm (3/8...11/16"); $45^{\circ}$ steps
min. 22 mm (7/8")
$0(2) \ldots 10 \mathrm{Vdc}$
$0(4) . . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$
$>100 \mathrm{k} \Omega[0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}]$
$500 \Omega$ [0... 20 mA ]
$\pm 1 \mathrm{~mA}$ at $0 . . .10 \mathrm{~V}$
$5^{\circ} / 85^{\circ}$
20 Nm ( $177 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$ )
$34 \mathrm{Nm}(300 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in})$
$95 \mathrm{sec}(60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / 110 \mathrm{sec}(50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ or DC supply)
$95^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$
see "Dimensions" on page 8
1.35 kg (3 lbs.)
$40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ max. at 1 m
CE \& UL

## MODELS

| Model \# | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| CN7220A2007 | 20Nm,24Vac/Vdc, Modulating and floating/2-position control, Non-Spring return, Voltage Feedback <br> Signal and without aux. Switch |
| CN7234A2008 | 34Nm,24Vac/Vdc, Modulating and floating/2-position control, Non-Spring return, Voltage Feedback <br> Signal and without aux. Switch |

## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM



Fig.1. Product Identification System

## OPERATION / FUNCTIONS



Fig. 2. Setting units and control elements

## Legend for Fig.2:

Self-centering shaft adapter
Retainer clip
Rotational angle scales ( $0 \ldots . .90^{\circ} / 90 \ldots 0^{\circ}$ )
Mechanical end limits
Declutch button
Anti-rotation bracket
Function Selection Switch
Access cover

## Contents of Package

The delivery package includes the actuator itself, parts 1 through 8 (see Fig.2), the anti-rotation bracket screws, and installation instruction.

## RUN MODES

The function selection switch (see Fig 3) is used to place the actuator into any one of five different modes:

- 2-10V, modulating control; floating/2-position control, cw run
- 0-10V/Dir, modulating control; floating/2-position control, cw run
- Service/Off, actuator stop running
- 10-0V/Rev, modulating control; floating/2-position control, ccw run
- 10-2V, modulating control; floating/2-position control, ccw run


Fig.3. Function selection switch

## Power-Off Behavior

If power is removed, the actuator retains its position.

## ServicelOff

If the function selection switch is set to the "Service/Off" position, all rotary movement is cancelled, and all control signals are ignored, thus allowing the actuator to be safely manually operated.

## Floating/2-Position Run Mode

If the function selection switch has been set to one of the four positions (2-10V, 0-10V/Dir, 10-0V/Rev, 10-2V) - and the actuator is wired as Floating/2-position mode (see A2 and A3) - then as soon as operating power is applied, the actuator will run clockwise or counterclockwise.

## Modulating Run Mode

If the function selection switch has been set to one of the four positions (2-10V, 0-10V/Dir, 10-0V/Rev, 10-2V) - and the actuator is wired as modulating mode (see A1) - as soon as operating power is applied, the actuator will run according to the control signals applied. If terminal 5 is also wired, the actuator will output the voltage feedback signal(0/2-10V) proportional to actuator's actual position. Alternatively, if terminal 4 is wired and powered on, actuator will override the control signal and immediately come to a position of $0 \%$ of max. stroke.

Table 1 describes the actuator behavior (stops, rotates CCW, or rotates CW ) for the floating mode in relation to the control signals applied to terminals 3 and 4 and to the function selection switch setting.

Table 2 describes the actuator behavior (stops, rotates CCW, or rotates CW ) for the 2-position mode in relation to the control signals applied to terminals 3 and 4 and to the function selection switch setting.

Table 3 describes the actuator behavior (stops, rotates CCW, rotates CW, runs in proportional position, or runs to $0 \%$ of max. stroke) for the modulating mode in relation to the control signals applied to terminals 3 and 4 and to the function selection switch setting.

Table 1. Shaft adapter behavior in the floating mode

| Control signal at |  | Function selection switch settings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal 3 | Terminal 4 | 2...10V | 0...10V /Dir | Service / Off | 10...0V /Rev | 10... 2 V |
| open | open | stops | stops | stops | stops | stops |
| open | 24 Vac/dc | CCW | CCW | stops | CW | CW |
| 24 Vac/dc | open | CW | CW | stops | CCW | CCW |

Table 2. Shaft adapter behavior in the 2-position mode

| Control signal at |  | Function selection switch settings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal 3 | Terminal 4 | $\mathbf{2 \ldots . . 1 0 V}$ | $\mathbf{0 . . 1 0 \mathrm { V } / D i r}$ | Service / Off | $\mathbf{1 0} . .0 \mathrm{~V} /$ Rev | $\mathbf{1 0 \ldots 2} \mathbf{~ V}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 4 ~ V a c / d c ~}$ | open | CW | CW | stops | CCW | CCW |
| $\mathbf{2 4 ~ V a c / d c ~}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 ~ V a c / d c ~}$ | CCW | CCW | stops | CW | CW |

Table 3. Shaft adapter behavior in the modulating mode

| Control signal at |  | Function selection switch settings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal 3 | Terminal 4 | 2...10V | 0...10V /Dir | Service / Off | 0...10V /Rev | $10 . .2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Open | open | -- | -- | stop | -- | -- |
|  | $24 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \end{gathered}$ | stop | $\begin{gathered} 0 \%(\text { most } \\ \text { right) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { right) } \end{gathered}$ |
| < min. control signal plus 0.24 V | open | -- | -- | stop | -- | -- |
|  | $24 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | stop | $\begin{gathered} 0 \%(\text { most } \\ \text { right) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { right) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| between min. control signal plus 0.24 V and max. control signal minus 0.24 V | open | proportional | proportional | stop | proportional | proportional |
|  | $24 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \end{gathered}$ | stop | $\begin{gathered} 0 \%(\text { most } \\ \text { right) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { riaht) } \end{gathered}$ |
| > max. control signal minus 0.24 V | open | -- | -- | stop | -- | -- |
|  | $24 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { left) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | stop | $\begin{gathered} 0 \%(\mathrm{most} \\ \text { right) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \% \text { (most } \\ \text { right) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |



Fig.4. Final actuator position in dependence upon control signal (example selection setting of $0 . . .10 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Fig.5. Feedback signal in dependence upon current position of actuator (example selection switch setting of $0 . . .10 \mathrm{~V}$ )

## Adaption

Adaption is a function in which the actuator re-maps its feedback signal and control signal in accordance with repositioned mechanical end limits (see Fig.6) and thus recognizes their new positions.


Fig.6. Adaption (selection switch set to " $0 . . .10 \mathrm{~V}$ ")

Adaption will be carried out only when:

- Modulating models only, such as CN7220A2007, CN7234A2008, etc,
- actuator is wired in modulating mode (see Fig. A1)
- the control signal's value rises up into the upper dead band (i.e to more than the max. control signal minus 0.14 V ) or drops down into the lower dead band (i.e to less than the min. control signal plus 0.14 V ), and if the shaft adapter can remain at the respective (upper or lower) mechanical end limit at least 3 seconds, the actuator will recognize the new position automatically, and autoadaption is happened (see Fig. 4).


## Sleep Mode

When actuator reaches end stop or any obstacles blocking its running, it will fall into sleep mode automatically. Actuator will periodically start up and try to resume running, which will save energy significantly through whole service life.

## Overriding

An override is a condition in which a 24 V signal is applied to terminal 4 of an actuator in the modulating mode, thus causing the actuator to ignore the control signal at terminal 3 , whereupon it will instead move to a position of $0 \%$ of its maximum stroke. It would be the most left side [0/2~10V mode] or most right side [10~0/2 V mode] (see Table 3).

## Feedback

If correspondingly wired (see A1), the actuator provides, via terminal 5 , a feedback signal( $0 / 2 \sim 10 \mathrm{~V}$ ) proportional to the actual position of the actuator (see Fig. 5).

## Dip Switches

The actuator is equipped with two dip switches (only switch 1 selectable) accessible after removing the access cover (see Fig. 7).


Fig.7. Dip switches (view with PCB at bottom)

## Voltage/Current Control Signal Selection Dip Switch

In its default shipping position, the voltage/current control signal dip switch (see Fig. 7) is set to OFF (= voltage control) as shown in Fig. 7. Setting it to ON results in current control $4 . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$.

## Position Indication

The hub adapter indicates the rotation angle position by means of the rotational angle scales ( $0 \ldots 90^{\circ} / 90 \ldots 0^{\circ}$ ).


Fig.8. Position indication

## Manual Adjustment

## $\triangle$ IMPORTANT

In order to prevent equipment damage, you must remove power set the rotation direction switch to the "Service/Off before manual adjustment.

After removing power or setting the rotation direction switch to the "Service/Off" position, the gear train can be disengaged using the declutch button, permitting the actuator shaft to be manually rotated to any position. The feedback signal will then follow the new position.

## Limitation of Rotation Stroke

Two mechanical end limits (adjustable in $5^{\circ}$ increments) are provided to limit the angle of rotation as desired (see Fig.9).


Fig.9. Mechanical end limits
The mechanical end limits must be securely fastened in place. It is important that they properly mesh with the rotational angle scales when the screws are tightened.

## Internal End Switches

NOTE: Applicable to models with internal switches only.
The internal end switches are set to change from "common" to "normally open" at angles of $5^{\circ}$ and $85^{\circ}$, respectively, from the totally counterclockwise position.


Fig. 10. Internal end switches

## INSTALLATION

These actuators are designed for single-point mounting.

## 4 IMPORTANT

In order to prevent equipment damage, you must remove power or set the rotation direction switch to the "Service/Off" position before manual operation.

## Mounting Instructions

All information and steps are included in the installation instructions supplied with the actuator.

## Mounting Position

The actuators can be mounted in any desired orientation (no IP54 if mounted upside down; see Fig.11). Choose an orientation permitting easy access to the actuator's cables and controls.


Fig. 11. Mounting for IP54

## Mounting Bracket and Screws

If the actuator is to be mounted directly on a damper shaft, use the mounting bracket and screws included in the delivery package.

## Self-Centering Shaft Adapter

The self-centering shaft adapter can be used for shafts having various diameters ( $10 \ldots 27 \mathrm{~mm}$ [3/8...1-1/16"]) and shapes (square or round).

In the case of short shafts, the shaft adapter may be reversed and mounted on the duct side.

## Stroke Limitation with Mechanical End Limits

The mechanical end limits enable the stroke to be limited from $0 \ldots 90^{\circ}$ in increments of $5^{\circ}$.

## Wiring

## Connecting to the Power Supply

In order to comply with protection class II, the power source of 24 V actuators must be reliably separated from the network power supply circuits as per DIN VDE 0106, part 101.

## Access cover

To facilitate wiring the actuator to the controller, the access cover can be detached from the actuator.

## ^IMPORTANT

Remove power before detaching the access cover. Once the access cover has been removed, please take care to avoid damaging any of the parts now accessible.


Fig. 12. Access cover(models with internal switches)
Depending upon the model, the access cover may have one or two terminal strips, including a layout with a description for each of the terminals.


Fig. 13. Actuator with access cover removed

## (models with internal switches)

## OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

The following optional accessories can be ordered separately.

## Auxiliary Switch Kit

Order no.: SW2


The auxiliary switches are field-installable parts providing two SPDT freely-adjustable switches.

## SPARE PARTS

## Spare Parts Kit

Order no.: A7209.2071
The spare parts kit contains the following items:

- Anti-rotation bracket and screws
- Access cover screw
- Plastic protective cap for protection standard IP54
- Mechanical end limit screw and retainer


## Anti-Rotation Bracket Kit

Order no.: A7209.2073
The anti-rotation bracket kit can be ordered separately.


Contains:

- 10 anti-rotation brackets
- 20 screws


## Wiring Diagrams

| A1 CN7220A2007, CN7234A2008 MODULATING | A2 CN7220A2007, CN7234A2008 FLOATING |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| A3 CN7220A2007, CN7234A2008 2-POS | A4 END switchs (Models with switch only) |
|  |  |

NOTE: Internal end switches S1 and S4 must be connected to the same power source.

Below 2 tables summarize the information presented in the preceding wiring diagrams.

| Terminal | Function selection switch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Modulating | Floating | 2-position |
| 1 | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim /+$ (power) | unused | unused |
| 2 | common $1 /-$ | common $1 /-$ | common $1 /-$ |
| 3 | 0[2]... 10 V (control) | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim /+$ (control signal) | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim /+$ (control signal) |
| 4 | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim /+$ (override) | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim /+$ (control signal) | $24 \mathrm{~V} \sim /+$ (control signal) |
| 5 | 0[2]... 10 V (feedback) | unused | unused |
| NOTE: All cables connected to these terminals must be equipped with spark suppression. |  |  |  |


| Connecting cable |  | Terminal |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| End switches <br> (Models with internal <br> switches only) | CCW (left) $5^{\circ}$ | S 1 | common |
|  | S 2 | normally closed |  |
|  | S 3 | normally open |  |
|  | CW (right) $85^{\circ}$ | S 4 | common |
|  |  | normally closed |  |
|  | S 6 | normally open |  |

## DIMENSIONS



Honeywell

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